

SUPPLEMENT to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[N U M B. 1909.]

T H U R S D A Y,

AUGUST 13, 1772.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by T. POWELL & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.
PETERSBURG (Russia) March 27.

THE Commission at Moscow having, in the last year, invented a Fumigation Powder, which, from several lesser experiments, had proved efficacious in preventing the Infection of the Plague; in order more fully to ascertain its virtue in that respect, it was determined, towards the end of the year, that ten Malefactors, under sentence of death, should, without undergoing any other precautions than the Fumigations, be confined three weeks in a Lazarette, be laid upon the beds, and dressed in the Cloaths which had been used by persons sick, dying, and even dead of the Plague, in the Hospital. The experiment was accordingly tried, and none of the ten malefactors were then infected, or have been since ill. The Fumigation Powder is prepared as follows:

RECEIPT for making the Powder of FUMIGATION, to prevent the Infection of the PLAGUE, invented by the Commission at Moscow, in the year 1771.

POWDER OF THE FIRST STRENGTH.

Take leaves of Juniper, Juniper berries pounded, ears of Wheat, Guaiacum wood pounded, of each six pounds; common Salt-Petre pounded, eight pounds; Sulphur pounded, six pounds; Smyrna Tar or Myrrh, two pounds; mix all the above ingredients together, which will produce a Pood of the Powder of Fumigation of the First Strength.

N. B. A Pood is 40 pounds Russian, which are equal to 35 pounds and an half, or 36 pounds English Averdupoise.

POWDER OF THE SECOND STRENGTH.

Take Southernwood cut into small pieces, five pounds; leaves of Juniper cut into small pieces, four pounds; Juniper berries pounded, three pounds; common Salt-Petre pounded, four pounds; Sulphur pounded, two pounds and an half; Smyrna Tar or Myrrh, one pound and an half; mix the above together, which will produce half a pood of the Powder of Fumigation of the Second Strength.

ODORIFEROUS POWDER.

Take the root called Kalmus cut into small pieces, three pounds; Frankincense pounded grossly, one pound; Storax pounded, and Rose Flowers, half a pound; Yellow Amber pounded, one pound; Smyrna Tar or Myrrh, one pound; common Salt-Petre pounded, one pound and an half; Sulphur a quarter of a pound; mix all the above together, which will produce nine pounds and three quarters of the Odoriferous Powder.

REMARK ON THE POWDER OF FUMIGATION.

If Guaiacum cannot be had, the Coires of Pines or Firs may be used in its stead; likewise the common Tar of Pines and Firs be used instead of the Smyrna Tar or Myrrh; and Mugwort may supply the place of Southernwood.

L O N D O N, M A Y 21.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, dated May 2.

"We shall add to what has hitherto been related in the public prints, concerning the execution of Counts Struensee and Brandt, the following circumstances:

"Counsellor Uldahl, appointed to denounce to Struensee his sentence in five sheets of paper, went the next day, when it was confirmed in Counsel at noon under the King's signature, to the prison, and said to the prisoner, 'I am come to declare to you very disagreeable news concerning your future destiny.' To which Struensee replied, 'My expectation was no other than that of the sentence which you are about to signify to me.' At the same time he took it from Mr. Uldahl with the utmost composure, read it without the least emotion, and then returned it to him. He then inquired about that of Brandt; and, on being informed that it was similar to his own, he appeared less disturbed at his own situation than at that of his friend. One of the officers present, being astonished at his composure on receiving the warrant, Struensee said to him, 'I expected and prepared myself for such an end of this affair; and since I could be resigned to it when I was still floating in my follies, with how much more reason ought I to be at present, when armed by the powerful aid of Christianity?'

"The Attorney Bang, who had orders likewise to signify in writing, his sentence to Count Brandt, delivered his commission at the same hour. He read it also with the greatest composure; and turning himself to one of the assistants, said, that he thanked God, who had given him grace to repent; and that nothing afflicted him so much as his having once inspired a young Nobleman at Paris with his free manner of thinking. When coming out of prison, he said to the officer who was on duty, 'I wish you, Sir, long to live; give my compliments to all your companions, whom I have had the opportunity to know: I wish them, from the bottom of my heart, all happiness what ever.' He first ascended the scaffold with his hat on. His sentence being read, the executioner tore his coat of arms to pieces, and said to him, 'This is not done without a cause, but according to your deserts.' Then the executioner helped him to undress himself, and led him to the block, before which, without being bound or supported, he knelt down, and having laid his head and right hand on it, the Provost represented to him the condition of Jesus in the garden of Gethsemane: whereupon the culprit cried out, 'May the blood of Jesus claim my soul.' In the last moment the executioner, at two blows, cut off his head and hand, tore out his entrails, cut the body into four parts, and then threw them into a cart.

"As soon as the bloody scaffold was cleaned, Count Struensee, whom Dr. Munter had admonished, during the execution of Brandt, came out of his coach, with his hat in his hand, to undergo his sentence. First of all, the Minister asked him these three questions: 1st, Do you sincerely repent of the offences which you have committed against God and man? 2dly, Do you firmly trust in God's mercy through the merits of Christ only? 3dly, Do you leave this world without hatred or rancour against any one whatsoever? Struensee answered to the first question, 'My sentiments on that point are not unknown to you, neither have they varied.' To the second question, 'I know no other method than that to obtain God's grace, and it is on this alone I build my hopes.' To the third question, 'I hope I have no personal enemies; but I believe that those who were the occasion of my distress, have had no other object in view than that of doing good.' Whereupon Dr. Munter left his patient, with these words: 'Go then in peace where God

calls you.'—At the instant that the executioner raised his axe to cut Struensee's head off, the Doctor cried out to him again, 'Remember Jesus crucified.' In fine, the minister had no sooner uttered these words, than the sentence was executed in its full extent.

"Immediately after these two executions, four messengers were dispatched, one to England, a second to Sweden, a third to Petersburg, and a fourth to Berlin. Chevalier Keith, Minister from the Court of Great-Britain, went to the Queen Carolina Matilda."

M A Y 30.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, dated May 18.

"This day the Committee of Enquiry published a narrative of the trial of Count John-Frederick Struensee, which, by way of a formal and solemn authentication, is subscribed by the following persons, who constituted this Board of Enquiry; namely, J. K. Juell Wind; G. A. Braem; H. Stampe; Luxderph; A. G. Carstens; Koford Ancher; J. K. E. Schmidt; F. C. Sevel; D. Guldberg.

"What is most material in this enquiry has already transpired, at various times, through the channel of the papers; the essential difference consists in, that the Count did not disavow a certain gross offence committed by him against the King. The charge also brought against him of peculation, which was sufficiently proved, amounts to 600,000 Danish rix-dollars, that is to say, about 47,000l. sterling. Also in the month of April, 1771, by an order of the Cabinet, he changed the whole magistracy of Copenhagen, which daring act gave strong suspicions that he acted of his own head, without any authority from the Crown. Another charge against him is, that he reduced the King's whole Council. A farther charge against him, is, that he gave places, pensions, or augmentations of salaries to all his relations and friends; the Queen Matilda (to whom he allu gave one hundred thousand rix-dollars per annum) having suggested to him this arbitrary, and (as it has turned out) ruinous plan. In May, 1771, he brought in an account to the King, in figures, amounting only to 22,000 dollars, but by placing an unit, or figure of one, before the said sum, he caused it to amount to 220,000 dollars. In October last, which is the usual time of settling the accounts of the Treasury, the King having frequently asked him for that annual account, he (Struensee) did, by various arts and successional amusements, so to say, the King from that purpose, that his Majesty entirely forgot the very nature and idea of any such account. He is farther charged with having arbitrarily issued orders of his own head, without any participation from the Crown, no less than six hundred and eighty-five different times. Lastly, he is charged with having, in the course of two years only, aspired, from being a simple physician of the King, to ascend even the Throne itself. These are the principal articles on which the late Struensee was impeached, except such as have already appeared."

By a gentleman just arrived from Berlin we are informed, that the late marriage of the Pretender was entirely at the instance of that Machiavel of the present age, the King of Prussia, who not only wrote letters of encouragement to him with his own hand, but added privately to the Princess's fortune; he likewise made it a point with her father, who was, at first, against the match.

A correspondent thinks it highly necessary, the House of Commons (as the Royal Marriage Bill has passed into a law) should petition the King to make a strict enquiry, relative to the reports of the Dukes of Gloucester and Cumberland. The marriage of any of the Royal Family, is a matter in which the public are too deeply concerned to be trifled with. Honour, justice, and equity, demand a satisfactory account to be given, as to when they were married, and by whom married. Presumptive heirs to the crown ought not to conceal their marriages; their honour, dignity, and the safety of the state, require a public declaration; and, therefore, it is to be hoped, some spirited member will make a motion in the House for such a petition to be presented.

A few days after the arrival of the Duke of Gloucester, Lady Waldegrave (as she hath been hitherto called) obtained his permission to write a letter to her father, Sir Edward Walpole, acknowledging her marriage with the Duke. In which letter she says, 'That they were married on the 6th day of September, 1766; but that they had no children.' There are many circumstances which make it believed the King has not been ignorant of this marriage. Some time ago, when the Duke of Gloucester gave a grand entertainment to the Royal Family, Lady Waldegrave performed the honours of the house. The Queen shewed her particular marks of attention. Either the Queen knew she was Duchess of Gloucester, or the Duke was unparadoxably indiscreet to produce any other woman before the Queen.

It is said that the new Deputy in the War-Office has pocketed about 600l. by the late promotion of General and Field Officers. YORKE, June 2. Some men having been enticed from France, who are well acquainted with the French method of manufacturing Plate Glass, a great manufactory is now establishing at Ravenhead, near Prescot, in Lancashire, by several men of extensive fortunes, on the estate of Mr. Mackay, a gentleman of great property in that country. This French method, by which plates of glass can be made much longer than by the English mode, has hitherto been kept a profound secret, and the men have been procured at the hazard of their lives.

EDINBURGH, June 1. This afternoon no less than 48 families of poor Highland people arrived at Leith from the North. In their way to Glasgow, they give out that several opulent drovers have engrossed all the farms where they had their living, and turned them into pasture; on which account they were obliged to dispose of what they had, and intended embarking to North-America.



For PHILADELPHIA,
THE BRIGANTINE
CHARLES-TOWN PACKET,
Samuel Wright, Master.

SHE is provided with complete Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail in seven Days, Weather permitting.—For Freight or Passage, apply to ATKINSON & SYKES, JOHN JAMES, or said Master on Board, at Col. Beale's Wharf.

Charles-Town, July 14, 1772.

THE Subscriber is much obliged to his planting Friends, who, by landing their Crops at his Wharf for three Years past, have thereby introduced it to Business.—He acted as Factor during that Time, purely to prevent his Friends being Sufferers by their intended Kindness to him, as it was very indelicately insinuated, that Rice would not sell at his Wharf. But as he is now well convinced, and flatters himself all his Friends are fully so too, that their Crops, landed in large or small Parcels, will sell altogether as well at his Wharf, as at any other in Charles-Town; and that any Gentlemen, principally concerned in the Factorage Way, will now have no Objection to receive and sell Rice or Indico landed thereat: He therefore chooses to decline that Business, finding it more than he is able to go through. He hopes his good Friends will still land their Crops at his Wharf, where they may depend he shall take Care HIMSELF their Boats have all possible Dispatch.

As to the Safety and Convenience of his Docks and Stores, he is sure there are none preferable to them in Town in those Respects, and few (if any) Barns in the Country are cooler and more secure from Fire; and it is almost impossible for a Barrel of Rice to be stolen in landing or shipping at his Wharf. Such Gentlemen as use his Wharf constantly, may depend on never wanting Storage whenever they do not like the going Price:—No prudent Planter but must be convinced, that this is a Matter of the utmost Consequence to him, as many, for these three Years past, have had their Crops (when landed in Town) disposed of very much against their own Inclinations and Judgments, merely for Want of Storage; and this he is sure has been the Cause, particularly this Year several Times, notwithstanding the Shortness of the Crop.

Messrs. GIBBES & HORT,

Who have had long Experience in the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in all its Branches, and confine themselves to that only, have taken the Charge of his Scales, and will transact their Business on his Wharf.—To these Gentlemen he begs Leave to recommend such of his Friends who are not otherwise engaged.

Christopher Gadsden.

N. B. Any Gentlemen in Trade may depend on not wanting STORAGE for such Parcels of Rice as they purchase at his Wharf.

To be SOLD,
On TUESDAY,
The Eighteenth of AUGUST, Instant,



TWO HUNDRED
CHOICE
GAMBIA
SLAVES,

Mostly MEN and WOMEN,

JUST arrived (after a short Passage) in the Sloop THOMAS & ANTHONY, SOLOMON GIBBS, Master.
WILLIAM SOMARSALL.

ATKINSON & SYKES,

Being removed to the Store in BROAD-STREET, lately Mr. AARON LOOCKOCK'S,

Have imported in the last Ships from England,

A fresh and complete Assortment

OF
European & East-India Goods,

Suitable for this Province;

Which they will sell Wholesale or Retail on their usual LOW TERMS for Cash, in Proportion for Credit, or for Return in CAROLINA Produce.

They also continue their STORE on Colonel BEALE'S Wharf,

For all Kinds of Northward Articles,

VIZ.

SUPERFINE FLOUR, in Barrels, Half Barrels, and Kegs; Ship BREAD; Milk, Water, and Butter BISCUIT; RUM, HAMS, SOAP, CHEESE white FLINT CORN, at 25/ per Bushel; OATS, STARCH, WINDSOR CHAIRS, QUEEN'S WARE, &c. &c. Which they import regularly by every Return of a Vessel kept constantly in that Trade.

N. B. GREEN TEA, at 30/.—BOHEA DITTO, at 25/.—and fine LOAF-SUGAR, at 35/ per Pound.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 1st, 1772.

ALL Persons still indebted to the Estate of Mr. HENRY WEBSTER, late of Jacksonburg, Merchant, have THIS LAST NOTICE, that the Indulgence which has hitherto been allowed them, must now cease, as the Law allows me but a few Months more to close my Administration of that Estate.—THEREFORE, all the Bonds, Notes, and Accounts, if not paid by the Tenth Day of September next, will be immediately put into the Hands of an Attorney, to be recovered.—And, that the several Persons indebted, may avail themselves in Time of this Notice, I have caused it to be published in ALL the Gazettes.

PHILOTHEOS CHIFFELLE.

Wanted immediately,

Several SCHOONERS by the Trip, to be employed for two Months, and the Employer will assist to unload them. Enquire of T. Powell, & Co. on the Bay.

PHILADELPHIA FLOUR,
In Half Barrels and Kegs,
With Kegs of **WATER BREAD,**
To be SOLD
By **JAMES WAKEFIELD.**

NEWMAN SWALLOW,
Has for Sale at his Store on the Bay, near the old Vendue-House, for Cash or short Credit,

OLD Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northward RUM by the Hogshead, Quarter-Cask, or smaller Quantity.—Old Madera WINE by the Quarter-Cask or Dozen.—Red Port, Claret, and Frontenac WINES by the Dozen Bottles.—Arrack, Brandy, Geneva, Cherry Brandy, and White-Wine Vinegar. Best London Porter in Casks, and by the Dozen.—Coffee, Chocolate, fine Green Tea at 55 c. the Pound, Bohea Ditto at 45 c. the Pound.—Candied Citron, Spirits of Turpentine in Quart Bottles, extraordinary good Orange Juice in any Quantity, bottled Cyder, Stone Jugs and Butter Jars of all Sizes. Lard and Muscovado Sugar.—Tamarinds, Sweet-Meats, Mustard, Glauber Salts, Starch, coarse and fine Salt, Mens fine and felt Hats, well cured Salt petred Hams, Gammons and Fitches, ditto Northward Hams, superfine Philadelphia Flour in Kegs and half Barrels, Milk and Water Bread, imported in the last Vessels.—Raffins of the Sun, excellent West-India Cordials in Cases, &c. &c.

Francis & Thomas Guerin
CONTINUE THE
FACTORAGE BUSINESS,
And will be much obliged to those who may please to employ them.
CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 27, 1772. (2. m.)

For **BRISTOL,**
(To sail in Three Weeks)
The Ship **ST. HELENA,**
GEORGE ARTHUR, Master.
For Freight, apply to
GEORGE ABBOTT HALL, & Co.
AUGUST 7, 1772.

For **PHILADELPHIA,**
THE BRIGANTINE
FRIENDSHIP,
JOSEPH BLEWER, Master.

SHE has genteel Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with all convenient Speed.—For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on Board, at Rowland's Wharf, or
DANIEL & ISAAC BOURDEAUX.
Who has imported in, and is now selling, on Board said Vessel, good **WHITE FLINT CORN,** at *Twenty-five Shillings per Bushel.*

To be LET,
(And may be entered on immediately)
A good Two-story BRICK HOUSE
On the Green, directly opposite to the Brew-House, with a Cellar underneath, good Out-Buildings, a Well of good Water, and a large Garden. Apply to
JOHN WAGNER.

JOSIAS ALLSTON,
INTENDING to leave the Province about the First of October next—Therefore, in order that he may entitle himself to the Benefit of the Act of the General Assembly of this Province, commonly called the *Attachment-Act*, gives NOTICE, in Terms of the said Act, that he is ready to appear, answer, or put in Bail, to any Suit, Summons or Process, which may or can be issued or brought against him.

On **THURSDAY the 27th Instant,**
Will be **SOLD,** at the *Vendue-House* in CHARLES-TOWN,
THREE LOTS of LAND,
in **ANSONBOROUGH;**

TWO of which front on King-Street, containing One Hundred and Six Feet in Front on said Street, and One Hundred and Fifty Feet in Depth.—On which are two good Tenements; lately finished, of the best Materials, consisting of seven Rooms; five of which have Fire-Places, good Back-House, a large Stable that will hold Twenty Horses, two Kitchens, two Chair-Houses, a Well with excellent Water, large Garden, &c. &c.

LIKEWISE,
A LOT adjoining the above, fronting on an Alley of Eighteen Feet, Fifty Feet in Front, and One Hundred and Six Feet in Depth.—One or two Years Credit will be given for the above, on giving approved Security, and paying Interest from the Day of Sale.
Any Person intending to purchase before the Day of Sale, may apply to **OATS & RUSSEL,** or on the Premises, to
ALEXANDER BURN.

Taken up adrift, in Wando River,
A CANOW, 22 Feet long, and three Feet and an Half wide; her Outside painted with Spanish Brown, and Inside yellow. Whoever owns the same, send apply to Mrs. **SARAH LEISNER,** on Daniel's Island, in St. Thomas's Parish.

RUN-AWAY from **JONATHAN BRYAN** in Georgia, **TWO NEGROES;** one a likely young Fellow, Country born, named **CHARLES.**
The other an elderly Fellow, named **FRANK,** and known in Charles-Town by the Name of **MACKENZIE'S TOM.**
Whoever takes them up, and delivers them to the Warden of Work-House in Charles-Town, or to Mr. **BRYAN** in Georgia, shall have **TEN POUNDS** for each.—They are supposed to be in Charles-Town.

COOK & DOWNES,
SURVEYORS,
Return Thanks to their Friends that have favoured them with their Commands, and take this Opportunity to advertise they are going out in SEARCH of **VACANT LANDS,** and will undertake to lay down any Gentleman's Warrants on good Land, on moderate Terms;—and, as they make it their sole Business to search for good Lands, and from their general Knowledge and Acquaintance with the Country, they flatter themselves they will be able to oblige such Gentlemen as please to employ them.—All Commands, by Letter or otherwise, will be forwarded from Mr. **GEORGE COOKS,** Merchant, near the Exchange.
N. B. JAMES COOK will stay in Town 'till the latter End of this Month.

On **TUESDAY,**
The 25th of this Instant (AUGUST)
Will be **SOLD,** at public Vendue,
at the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY
Acres of **LAND,** situate at the Congarees; bounded to the North-west by Land held by one Twitty; North-east by Land laid out to David Webb; South-east by Land of Joseph Curry, and South-west by Congaree River.—Late the Property of **THOMAS GREEN,** and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, late Pro. Mar.

TWO HUNDRED Acres on a Branch of Santee River, called Beaver-Creek; bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the Grant:—127 Acres situate lying and being in Craven County, near Robert Paisley's Plantation; butting and bounding South-west on Land already surveyed; North-west on Land laid out for John-Peter Somerhoof; due East on vacant Land, and South-east on Mrs. Mary Hill's Land.

THREE HUNDRED Acres in Frederickburg Township, in Craven County; butting North-eastwardly Part on vacant Land, and Part on Alexander Rattery's Land; South-eastwardly Part on vacant Land, and Part on William Kelly's Land; on other Sides on vacant Land.—Late the Property of **JAMES MCGOWEN,** deceased, and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, late Pro. Mar.

THREE HUNDRED and FIFTY
Acres, situate on the Old Three Runs, in Granville County (surveyed the 15th of July 1756, for John Linton); bounded on all Sides by vacant Land at the Time of the Grant, dated May 28th, 1758.—Late the Property of **LAZARUS BROWN,** and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, late Provest-Marshal.

On **TUESDAY the First of September next,** will be sold at public Vendue, at the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN,

A Valuable Plantation or Tract of Land,
situate in Prince William's Parish, containing Five Hundred and Twelve Acres, adjoining Lands the Property of Thomas Bee.—On the said Plantation is a good House, and every other convenient Building.—Late the Property of **WILLIAM DAVIS,** and sold under Execution, by
ROGER PINCKNEY, late Pro. Mar.

THE Subscriber being desirous of selling his **LANDS** in Prince William's Parish, will dispose of, on reasonable Terms, the following Tracts, viz.

One **TRACT** on Whippie's Swamp, containing Six Hundred Acres, about fifteen Miles from a Landing.
One **TRACT** on Saltketcher River, containing 300 Acres; Two Hundred of which is good Rice Land.

The **TRACT** whereon he lives, containing Five Hundred and Twelve Acres, joining Lands late Mrs. Wilkins's, now Thomas Bee, Esq.'s, with a good Dwelling-House, Barn, and every other Building necessary for a well-settled Plantation, and has a Reservoir of Water sufficient to flow five hundred Acres of Rice Land.

Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with me, at the above Plantation, where a Person will attend to shew the Lands to any one inclining to become a Purchaser.
t. f. **WILLIAM DAVIS.**

ST. MATTHEW'S PARISH, JULY 25, 1772.
RUNAWAY

From the Subscriber, in St. Matthew's Parish, on the 19th Inst.
TWO new NEGRO FELLOWS,

OF the Gold Coast Country, bought the 6th Instant, at Mr. Gervais's Sale, neither of them can speak any English: One, a likely made Fellow, supposed to be about five Feet seven Inches high, appears about Twenty-five Years of Age, very black; his Country Name **FODEE.**—The other, a slim made Fellow, about five Feet four Inches high, supposed to be about Twenty-four Years of Age, very black, his Country Name **MAMBE.**—They are both branded on the Small of the left Arm B I, and had each on when they went away, a narrow striped Check Shirt, Wool Hat, and a new Blanket.—A Reward of **TWENTY POUNDS,** and all reasonable Charges, will be paid on Delivery of the said Negroes, or in Proportion for one, to Mr. **SAMUEL SAVAGE,** at Congaree, Mr. **WILLIAM EDWARDS,** Sadler, in Charles-Town, or to the Subscriber;—and if discovered to be harboured by a white Person, a Reward of **FIFTY POUNDS** will be paid, on Conviction of the Offender.
JOHN SAVAGE.

RUN-AWAY from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named **MAIDSTONE,** about Forty-five Years old, lately purchased at the Sale of Mr. **JAMES LE BAS** Estate, at Manck's Corner. Whoever delivers him to the Warden of the Work-house in Charles-Town, shall receive a Reward of **TWENTY POUNDS,** with all reasonable Charges, and the like Reward for Proof of his being harboured by Negroes, and **ONE HUNDRED POUNDS** if by white Persons, to be paid on Conviction.
JAMES SINKLER.

TAKEN UP in Ashley River, by **RENS PRICE,** on the 28th of July last, A Cypress **CANOW.**—The Owner may have her again, on describing her Marks, paying the Charge of advertising, and what is allowed by Law for taking up Canows adrift.

SHIP BUILDING.
WILLIAM HART
SHIP WRIGHT,
HAVING leased Captain **Cochran's** Ship-Yard and Wharf, near Town-Creek, within few Miles of Charles-Town, carries on the Business of building and repairing Vessels.—Any Vessel that can come over Bar, may be carried up there (having a sufficient Depth Water) and hove down and repaired at the Wharf.—The situation is very convenient, being so near Town, that Masts of Vessels may go thither by Land or Water, in less than Hour.—He is determined to give all possible Dispatch to whatever Work he is employed to execute, and to see that the same be properly performed; and shall be much obliged to his Friend and the Public, for their Encouragement, which, by an assiduous Attention to Business, he will endeavour to deserve.

HINDS & POTTER,
Big Leave to acquaint their FRIENDS, and the PUBLIC in General,
THAT they have REMOVED their **SHOE WAREHOUSE** to **PATRICK HINDS'** in King-Street, where it was formerly kept; and will be much obliged to their Friends for a Continuance of their Favours; they will do all in their Power to give Satisfaction.
N. B. Sundry Lots of LAND in King-Street, to be **SOLD,** and **HOUSES** to **LET.**—For Particulars, enquire of
PATRICK HINDS.

The SUBSCRIBER,
Being obliged by his bad State of Health to decline Business,
Will SELL, by Auction,
At his House up the Path, on FRIDAY the 12th Day of August, instant, if a fair Day, if not, on the first fair Day thereafter,

ALL his **HOUSEHOLD** and **KITCHEN FURNITURE,** Linen, Plate, Stock in Trade, Plantation Tools, Carts, Ploughs, &c. &c.

Likewise, EIGHT NEGROES;
Consisting of a very handy House-Wench, capable of all Sort of Work, and her four Children, a Field Negro Man, and two very handy Boys.

Also, A Parcel of very fine Milch Cows.

At the same Time and Place,
Ten Field Negroes will be **SOLD.**
The Conditions will be declared at the Sale, by
JOSEPH LEVY.

To be SOLD,
On **TUESDAY the 19th Day of AUGUST,** on the Spot (the Sale to begin at Six o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely).

SIX LOTS of LAND
THREE of which corner

Front to the South on West-Street, and 105 feet in Depth;—the other three contain 33 Feet Front to the West on Maryck's Street, and 104 Feet in Depth; are directly opposite to the Glebe-Land of **ST. PHILIP'S** Parish, and near to a House now building for **CHARLES PINCKNEY, Esquire.**
Any reasonable Number of Years Credit will be given, on approved Security.
SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Comp.

SUPPOSED to be taken off **Lamboll's** Bridge, on Monday Evening the 3d Instant, by Mistake, a small black **TRUNK,** containing **Womens Wearing Apparel.**—Whoever will deliver it to the Printer of this Paper, shall receive **TEN POUNDS** Reward, and no Questions asked.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 6, 1772.
THE Subscriber, being authorized, by a Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery, to receive and collect all the Monies due and owing to the late Co-partnership of **KINCAID & BLAIRIE,** hereby gives Notice That the Books of Account of said Co-partnership are now in his Hands; and, as there is an absolute Necessity for settling the Concerns thereof immediately, he hopes those who are indebted thereto, will avail themselves of this Notice.
JOHN REMINGTON, jun.

CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 25th, 1772.
WHEREAS **JOSEPH MARION,** of St. John's Parish, Santee, hath assigned over to us, the Subscribers, all his Bonds, Notes, and Book-Debts;—we give this **PUBLIC NOTICE,** that unless those who are indebted to him do discharge the same, or settle them to our Satisfaction, before the 30th Day of August next, we shall, after that Date, put every Account into the Hands of **JAMES PARSONS, Esq;** to recover on our Account.
RADCLIFFE & SHEPHEARD.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
DAVID RHIND forewarns all Persons in general, but in particular Cabinet-Makers, House-Carpenters, and Joiners, not to employ, at any Time without his Knowledge, and Consent first obtained, his **NEGRO-MAN,** named **YORK;** Otherwise, they may be assured of being prosecuted as far as Law and Justice will support him.
CHARLES-TOWN, JULY 27, 1772.

RUNAWAY
From the Subscriber, some Time in August, 1770,
A stout, able, young NEGRO WENCH named **LUCY,** about 20 Years of Age, Country born; had on when she went away a blue Negro Cloth Gown and Coat and a Calico Jacket; formerly the Property of **Francis Oldfield** of Ponpon.—She is supposed to be harboured by some of her Relations at the Borough. Whoever will apprehend, and deliver her to me, or the Warden of the Work-House, shall receive a Reward of **FIFTY POUNDS;** and if harboured by a white Person, **ONE HUNDRED POUNDS,** and **FIFTY POUNDS** if by a Negro, to be paid on Conviction of the Offender. If she returns Home she shall be forgiven.
(6 m.) **MORDECAI MYERS.**